AMENDMENT UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.111 Attorney Docket No.: Q87902

Application No.: 10/536,455

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the

application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1-9. (canceled).

10. (new): A ready-for-use low-carbon steel mechanical component with elevated

characteristics obtained by cold plastic transformation of a laminated long steel product,

wherein the composition of said steel, percentages by weight, based on the iron is:

C ≤ 0.15%

 $0.04\% \le Nb \le 0.10\%$

 $0.001\% \le B \le 0.005\%$

 $0.15\% \le Mo \le 0.35\%$

1.3% < Mn < 2.0%

 $0.15\% \le Si \le 1.30\%$

 $0.01 \% \le AI \le 0.08 \%$

 $N \le 0.015\%$ with Ti $\ge 3.5 \times \%$ N;

the remaining being iron and unavoidable residual impurities that result from the steel

process,

wherein said long product being obtained from a semi-finished product from continuous

casting and hot-rolled in the austenitic range into a wire or rod, then treated thermally by

cooling directly during its hot rolling at a cooling rate sufficient to provide it with a bainitic or

essentially bainitic structure, and

3

AMENDMENT UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.111 Attorney Docket No.: Q87902

Application No.: 10/536,455

wherein said long steel product having been subsequently worked by a cold plastic

transformation into its final shape, exhibiting a tensile strength at break greater than 800 MPa.

11. (new): Low-carbon steel mechanical component according to claim 10, wherein the

heat treatment used in its manufacture comprises a final slow cooling phase whose rate can be

as low as 1°C/s at the core.

12. (new): Low-carbon steel mechanical component according to claim 10, wherein the

carbon content of the steel is between 0.06 and 0.10%.

13. (new): Low-carbon steel mechanical component according to claim 10, wherein the

steel from which it is constituted has a molybdenum content not exceeding 0.30% and a

manganese content of less than 1.80%.

14. (new): A ready-for-use forged low-carbon steel mechanical component with

elevated characteristics obtained by a hot process plastic transformation of a laminated long

steel product, wherein the composition of said steel, percentages by weight, based on the iron

is:

C ≤ 0.15%

 $0.04\% \le Nb \le 0.10\%$

 $0.001\% \le B \le 0.005\%$

 $0.15\% \le Mo \le 0.35\%$

 $1.3\% \le Mn \le 2.0\%$

 $0.15\% \le Si \le 1.30\%$

4

Attorney Docket No.: Q87902 AMENDMENT UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.111

Application No.: 10/536,455

 $0.01\% \le Al \le 0.08\%$

 $N \le 0.015\%$ with Ti $\ge 3.5 \times \%$ N;

the remaining being iron and unavoidable residual impurities that result from the steel process,

wherein said long steel product being obtained from a semi-finished long product coming from continuous casting and hot-rolled in the austenitic range into a rolled rod or wire,

said rolled rod or wire having then undergone plastic transformation by forging at a temperature of about 1200°C and more to bring it to the final desire shape,

the obtained forged blank having been thermally treated by quenching from said temperature at a cooling rate sufficient to provide it with a bainitic or essentially bainitic structure through to the core, and

wherein the mechanical component exhibits a tensile strength at break greater than 800 MPa.

- 15. (new): Low-carbon steel mechanical component according to claim 14, wherein the heat treatment used in its manufacture comprises a final slow cooling phase, whose rate can be as low as 1°C/s at the core.
- 16. (new): Low carbon steel mechanical component according to claim 14, wherein the carbon content of the steel is comprised between 0.06 and 0.10%.
- 17. (new): Low carbon steel mechanical component according to claim 14, wherein the steel from which it is constituted has a molybdenum content not exceeding 0.30% and a manganese content of less than 1.80%.

Attorney Docket No.: Q87902

AMENDMENT UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.111 Application No.: 10/536,455

18. (new): A process for manufacturing a ready-for-use low-carbon steel mechanical component with elevated characteristics exhibiting a tensile strength at break of more than 800 MPa, said process comprising the following steps:

starting from a long semi-finished product whose composition, percentages by weight, based on the iron is:

 $C \le 0.15\%$

 $0.04\% \le Nb \le 0.10\%$

 $0.001\% \le B \le 0.005\%$

 $0.15\% \le Mo \le 0.35\%$

1.3% ≤ Mn ≤ 2.0%

 $0.15\% \le Si \le 1.30\%$

 $0.01 \% \le AI \le 0.08 \%$

 $N \le 0.015\%$ with Ti $\ge 3.5 \times \%$ N;

the remaining being iron and unavoidable residual impurities that result from the steel process,

hot rolling said long semi-finished product in the austenitic range into a wire or rod and thermally treating said wire or rod by cooling directly during its hot rolling at a cooling rate sufficient to provide it with a bainitic or essentially bainitic structure, and working the obtained wire or rod by a cold plastic transformation into its final shape.

 (new): The process according to claim 18, wherein the removal temperature of the wire after rolling being below 1000°C. AMENDMENT UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.111 Attorney Docket No.: Q87902

Application No.: 10/536,455

20. (new): The process according to claim 18, wherein said thermal treatment comprises a final slow cooling phase, whose rate can be as low as 1°C/s at the core.

21. (new): A process for manufacturing a ready-for-use low-carbon steel mechanical component with elevated characteristics exhibiting a tensile strength at break of more than 800 MPa, said process comprising the following steps:

starting from a long semi-finished product whose composition, percentages by weight, based on the iron is:

 $C \le 0.15\%$

1.3% ≤ Mn ≤ 2.0%

 $0.04\% \le Nb \le 0.10\%$

 $0.15\% \le Mo \le 0.35\%$

 $0.001\% \le B \le 0.005\%$

 $0.15\% \le Si \le 1.30\%$

 $0.01 \% \le AI \le 0.08 \%$

 $N \le 0.015$ % with Ti ≥ 3.5 x % N;

the remaining being iron and unavoidable residual impurities that result from the steel process,

hot rolling said long semi-finished product in the austenitic range into a wire or rod; subjecting said hot-rolled wire or rod to plastic transformation by forging at a temperature of about 1200°C and more to bring it to the final desired shape; and

thermally treating the obtained forged blank by quenching from said temperature at a cooling rate sufficient to provide it with a bainitic or essentially bainitic structure through to the core.

Attorney Docket No.: 087902

AMENDMENT UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.111

Application No.: 10/536,455

22. (new): The process according to claim 21, wherein the removal temperature of the

wire after rolling being below 1000°C.

23. (new): The process according to claim 21, wherein said thermal treatment

comprises a final slow cooling phase, whose rate can be as low as 1°C/s at the core.

24. (new): Long low-carbon steel product intended for transformation into a ready-for-

use mechanical component of elevated characteristics according to claim 10, wherein said long

product has the shape of a hot-rolled wire or rod and that the steel comprises, in percentages

by weight, based on the iron:

C ≤ 0.15%

1.3% ≤ Mn ≤ 2.0%

 $0.04\% \le Nb \le 0.10\%$

 $0.15\% \le Mo \le 0.35\%$

 $0.001\% \le B \le 0.005\%$

 $0.15\% \le Si \le 1.30\%$

 $0.01 \% \le AI \le 0.08 \%$

 $N \le 0.015$ % with Ti $\ge 3.5 \times \%$ N, and

the remaining being iron and unavoidable residual impurities that result from the steel

process.

8